#### Health Professions Council Council Meeting – 6<sup>th</sup> December 2005

#### MARCH 2005 YEAR END ACCOUNTS REVIEW - PUBLIC PAPER

#### **Executive Summary and Recommendations**

#### 1. Introduction

The annual financial statements for HPC form an essential component of the HPC Annual Report. Under Section 4 of the Standing Financial Instructions, the annual accounts and reports are also required to be submitted for approval to; the Finance and Resources Committee, HPC Council, Auditor General and Privy Council.

#### 2. Decision

The Committee is asked to agree the following: that the financial statements (numbers and notes to the accounts) for the Health Professions Council and The Professions Supplementary to Medicine Charitable Trust be approved in their current form provided by the external auditors to the Committee, on the basis that the complete and final wording for the audit opinions from Baker Tilly (BT) and National Audit Office (NAO) have yet to be agreed between HPC, BT and NAO. Regarding the respective audit opinions, although the BT and NAO opinions are likely to be that the audited annual accounts represent a true and fair view. At the time of writing, the wording about the unapproved spending is yet to be finalised.

#### 3. Background information

Under normal circumstances, the final audit opinions from the external auditors and NAO would be included in the financial statements sent to the Finance and Resources Committee for their review. However, because of the investigation, change in external auditors and HPC's desire not to impact the proceedings, there have been a series of delays in completing the financial statement audits within the usual timeframe.

The Charitable Trust became dormant in December 2004 and it is the Executive's intention to de-register it (on the Charity Commission's Register), once the March 2005 Year End Accounts for the Trust are approved by; the Finance and Resources Committee, HPC Council, Auditor General, Privy Council and once its accounts are filed with the Charity Commission.

#### 4. Resource implications

Nil

#### 5. Financial implications

Nil

#### 6. Background papers

Nil

#### 7. Appendices

See attached papers covering:

- Health Professions Council Report and Financial Statements for Year ended 31 March 2005
- The Professions Supplementary to Medicine Charitable Trust Trustees' Report and Financial Statements for Year ended 31 March 2005

**8. Date of paper** 25<sup>th</sup> November 2005

## REPORT AND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Year ended 31 March 2005

#### **ADVISERS**

#### **BANKERS**

National Westminster Bank Plc Walworth Road Branch PO Box 3171 290 Walworth Road London SE17 3RQ

#### **INVESTMENT ADVISORS**

Carr Sheppards Crosthwaite Limited 2 Gresham Street London EC2V 7QN

#### CHIEF EXECUTIVE AND REGISTRAR

Marc J Seale Park House 184 Kennington Park Road London SW11 4BU

#### **AUDITORS**

Baker Tilly Chartered Accountants 2 Bloomsbury Street London WC1B 3ST

National Audit Office 157-197 Buckingham Palace Road London SW1W 9SP

#### **SOLICITORS**

Kingsley Napley Knight's Quarter 14 St John's Lane London EC1M 4AJ

Bircham Dyson Bell 50 Broadway London SW1H 0BL

#### FOREWORD TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

for the year ended 31 March 2005

The Council submits its third annual report together with the audited financial statements for the year ended 31 March 2005.

#### Members during the year

All Council members served throughout the year, except as shown below:

Professor Norma Brook President
Mr Colin Lea Vice President

**Registrant members: Alternate members:** Miss Mary Crawford Mr Michael Barham Dr Robert Jones Dr Graham Beastall Mr David Whitmore (appointed 23<sup>rd</sup> August 2004) Miss Morag MacKellar Ms Joanna Manning Ms Helen Davis Mrs Clare McGartland Mr Paul Frowen Mr William Munro Professor Rosemary Klem Dr John Old Professor Carol Lloyd

Miss Pam SabineMr Ian MasseyDr Anna Van Der GaagMrs Jacqueline PearceProfessor Diane WallerMiss Gillian PearsonMr Neil WillisMr Gordon SutehallDr Alexander Yule OBEMiss Eileen Thornton

Mr Stephen Wordsworth (appointed 16<sup>th</sup> December 2004) Mr Alan Mount (appointed 16<sup>th</sup> December 2004)

#### Lay members

The Revd John Camp
Mrs Shaheen Chaudry
Mr Robert Clegg
Ms Christine Farrell
Mrs Mary Clark-Glass (appointed 16<sup>th</sup> December 2004)

Professor John Harper Professor Anthony Hazell Ms Ros Levenson Professor Jeff Lucas Mr Keith Ross Mrs Jackie Stark

#### PRINCIPAL OFFICE

Mrs Barbara Stuart

Health Professions Council Park House 184 Kennington Park Road London SE11 4BH

A Register of Interests in respect of all Council members is maintained. Access is available on the Council's internet site.

#### FOREWORD TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

for the year ended 31 March 2005

#### Method of appointment or election of Council members:

The Council currently comprises 40 members (the President and 13 other practitioner members, 12 lay members and 13 alternate members) appointed by the Privy Council in accordance with the transitional provisions in Schedule 2 to the Health Professions Order 2001. As of May 2005, the Council consists of 13 registrant members who are appointed on being elected under the Council's election scheme, 13 lay members who are appointed by the Privy Council and 13 alternate members appointed on being elected under the Council's election scheme. The numbers of registrant and alternate members (i.e. 13) is linked to the number of professions currently regulated by the Council. There is an alternate member for every registrant member, alternate members having the same functions as registrant members but are only able to vote if registrant members are not present. There must be at least one lay and registrant member for each home country within the United Kingdom.

#### The objectives of the Council

The Council, a body corporate, was set up on 1 April 2002 by the Health Professions Order 2001. The principal functions of the Council are to establish from time to time standards of education, training, conduct and performance for members of the relevant health professions and to ensure the maintenance of those standards. As part of its functions the Council maintains the register of members of the relevant health professions and its main objective in the exercise of its functions is to safeguard the health and well-being of persons using or needing the services of registrants.

#### Organisational structure

Four statutory committees exist to deal with the fitness to practise of professionals registered with the Council, investigating complaints and the establishment and monitoring of training and education standards: Education and Training Committee, Investigating Committee, Conduct and Competence Committee and Health Committee. In addition, three non-statutory committees have been set up: the Finance and Resources Committee (to which an Audit and a Remuneration Committee report), the Registration Committee and the Communications Committee. All committees are chaired by a member of the Council.

The Council has the following departments under a Chief Executive and Registrar: Communications, Education and Policy, Finance, Fitness to Practise, Human Resources, Information/IT, Office Services, Registration (International and Grandparenting), Registration (UK) and Secretariat.

#### The Professions Supplementary to Medicine Charitable Trust

The Professions Supplementary to Medicine Charitable Trust existed as a subsidiary to the Health Professions Council and income was distributed to the Charity under covenant to enable the charity to support its objectives. The charity ceased to operate on the 31 December 2004. The results for the year of the charity were £nil (2004: £100). The results of the charity and a list of its objectives are published in full in their financial statements. Copies of the full financial statements can be obtained by writing to the Principal Office of the Health Professions Council.

#### Form of financial statements

In accordance with Section 46(1)(b) of the Health Professions Order 2001, the Financial Statements have been prepared in a form directed by the Privy Council in its Accounts Direction, which complies with the HM Treasury Guidance on the preparation of accounts for non-Departmental Public Bodies, as if the Council was a non-Departmental Public Body (NDPB) of the Department of Health.

#### Financial results

There was an operational surplus of income over expenditure of £117,969 (2004 deficit £597,201) for the year, which is set out in these financial statements. Total recognised gains for the year totalled £117,969 (2004 losses £564,455). At 31 March 2005 reserves had reduced to £917,706 (2004 £1,050,853).

#### FOREWORD TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

for the year ended 31 March 2005

All professions were paying an increased fee of £60 per annum from September 2003 (previously £22). The profession of Operating Departmental Practitioners was added to the register in December 2004 and generated income of £143,050. Investment income, including gains or losses on sale of investments, totalled £127,438 (2004 £62,505).

No grants were received from the Department of Health in the year. £251,116 was withdrawn from the capital grant reserve of £606,866 to fund the depreciation of the new computerised registration system, leaving a balance of £355,750.

The balance sheet of the organisation shows fixed assets totalling £3,959,464 (2004 £4,388,822). Of this tangible fixed assets continue to be largely the freehold land and buildings and the computerised registration system. The investment portfolio is managed by stockbrokers and was worth £1,346,804 (2004 £1,203,107) at 31 March 2005. Cash at bank and on deposit rose to £2,821,797(2004 £2,407,980). There was deferred income of £4,860,348 (2004 £5,064,591), being registration and renewal fees received in advance.

The result for the year and the current financial position are broadly in line with the Council's budget for the year to 31 March 2005 and the rolling 5-year plan. An operational surplus is anticipated for the year ending 31 March 2006, which will continue to increase the accumulated fund.

Since the year end the Council has acquired a new property in Stannery Street. Details of this transaction can be found in note 18 of these financial statements.

#### **Potential future developments**

Subject to the passing of the relevant legislation, the Council will add Psychologists to its register later in 2005.

#### Better payment practice code

It is Council policy to observe the principles of the better payment practice code by settling all undisputed invoices within 30 days. By the end of the financial year this was being attained in most cases. No interest was paid during the year under the Late Payment of Commercial Debts (Interest) Act 1998.

#### Disabled employees and equal opportunities

The Council is an equal opportunities employer and provides employment opportunities and advancement of all suitably qualified persons regardless of age, sex, religion, ethnic origin, marital status, dependants, disability or political beliefs. The Council does not regard disablement as a bar to recruitment or advancement; selection is based upon the ability of the individual to do the job.

#### **Employee involvement**

The Council places considerable reliance on the involvement of its employees. It makes every effort to ensure that all staff are kept informed of the Council's plans and developments. The main channels of communication include regular all-staff meetings, fortnightly meetings of the Executive Management Team and e-mail.

#### Health and safety

The Council is committed to adhering to the Health and Safety at Work Act 1974 and other related UK and European requirements to ensure that employees and visitors enjoy the benefits of a safe environment.

#### FOREWORD TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

for the year ended 31 March 2005

(i) AUDITORS

On 19 May 2005, BDO Stoy Hayward resigned as auditors. The Council appointed Baker Tilly as auditors. A resolution to reappoint Baker Tilly, Chartered Accountants, as auditors will be put to the members at the annual general meeting. The Comptroller and Auditor General also examines, certifies and reports on the annual account as laid down in the Health Professions Order 2001.

By order of the Council

Professor Norma Brook **President** 

Statement of responsibilities of the Council and its Chief Executive in respect of the accounts

The accounts are prepared in accordance with the Accounts Direction from the Privy Council which requires the accounts to be prepared in accordance with HM Treasury Guidance on the keeping and preparation of accounts for non-Departmental Public Bodies.

The Health Professions Order 2001 requires that annual accounts are prepared and audited. The Council and the Chief Executive (as Accounting Officer) are responsible for the preparation and the approval of accounts. In preparing those accounts they are required to:

- observe the application accounts direction issued by the Treasury;
- select suitable accounting policies and then apply them consistently;
- make judgements and estimates that are reasonable and prudent;
- follow applicable accounting standards, subject to any material departures disclosed and explained in the accounts;
- prepare the accounts on the going concern basis unless it is inappropriate to presume that the Council
  will continue in business.

The Council and its Chief Executive are responsible for keeping proper accounting records which disclose with reasonable accuracy at any time the financial position of the Council and to enable them to ensure that the financial statements comply with the provision of the Health Professions Order 2001. They are also responsible for safeguarding the assets of the Council and hence for taking reasonable steps for the prevention and detection of fraud and other irregularities.

The Accounting Officer for the Privy Council has appointed the Chief Executive as the Accounting Officer for the Council. His relevant responsibilities as Accounting Officer, including his responsibility for the propriety and regularity of the public finances and for the keeping of proper accounting records, as set out in the non-Departmental Public Bodies' Accounting Officer Memorandum issued by the Treasury and published in Government Accounting.

#### ACCOUNTING OFFICER'S STATEMENT ON INTERNAL CONTROL

#### Scope of responsibility

As Accounting Officer, I have responsibility for maintaining a sound system of internal control that supports the achievement of the Council's policies, aims and objectives, whilst safeguarding the Council's net assets for which I am personally responsible, in accordance with the responsibilities assigned to me in Government Accounting.

#### The purpose of the system of internal control

The system of internal control is designed to manage risk to a reasonable level rather than to eliminate all risk of failure to achieve, policies, aims and objectives; it can therefore only provide reasonable and not absolute assurance of effectiveness. The system of internal control is based on an ongoing process designed to identify and prioritise the risks to the achievement of the Council's policies, aims and objectives, to evaluate the likelihood of those risks being realised and the impact should they be realised, and to manage them efficiently, effectively and economically. The system of internal control has been in place for the year ended 31 March 2005 and up to the date of approval of the annual report and accounts, and accords with Treasury guidance.

#### Capacity to handle risk

The Council vests the responsibility of its risk management process in its Executive Management Team, which is responsible for formulating methods of mitigating identified risks and for formulating a business continuity plan. Managers are responsible for ensuring that their staff are fully briefed and trained where necessary.

#### The risk and control framework

Current risks have been evaluated and appraised as to possibility of occurrence. This is an ongoing process and all risks are appraised at least every six months. Where risks are considered to be high or medium risks, the organisation strives to find ways of reducing the risks.

It is based on a framework of regular management information, administrative procedures including the segregation of duties, and a system of accountability. It particular, it includes:

- Consideration of the Council's strategic objectives in reacting to change brought about by UK legislation and other external pressures;
- Reviewing operating procedures particularly with regard to having the right infrastructure in place, including staff being properly briefed and trained in order to maintain and improve service standards;
- Ensuring that corporate governance best practice, as appropriate to the Council, is maintained and updated to meet changing requirements;
- Comprehensive budgeting and forecasting systems with an annual budget and an ongoing 5-year plan which is reviewed and agreed by the Council;
- Regular reviews by the Finance and Resources Committee of monthly and annual financial performance against forecasts;
- Setting targets to measure financial and other performance, including individual goals and objectives for departments and managers;
- Clearly defined procedures for the authorisation and control of revenue and expenditure;
- Operating within the dictates of the Standing Financial Instructions and Financial Procedures Manual;
- Clear documentation of all operating procedures, moving towards ISO accreditation.

#### ACCOUNTING OFFICER'S STATEMENT ON INTERNAL CONTROL

#### **Review of effectiveness**

As Accounting Officer, I have responsibility for reviewing the effectiveness of the system of internal control. My review of the effectiveness of the system of internal control is informed by the work of the internal auditors, the work of the executive managers within the organisation who have responsibility for the development and maintenance of the internal control framework and comments made by the external auditors in their management letters and other reports. I have been advised of the implications of the result of my review of the effectiveness of the system of internal control by the Council, the Audit Committee and plan to address weaknesses and ensure continuous improvement of the system is in place.

The Finance and Resources Committee reviews the risk assessment twice a year. This is backed up by audit work, both external and internal, the results of which are reported to the Audit Committee annually. Weaknesses are immediately addressed and reviewed again during the next audit process.

Marc J Seale Chief Executive and Registrar Accounting Officer

#### INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT TO THE MEMBERS OF HEALTH PROFESSIONS COUNCIL

We have audited the financial statements on pages 13 to 27.

This report is made solely to the company's members, as a body, in accordance with section 235 of the Companies Act 1985. Our audit work has been undertaken so that we might state to the company's members those matters we are required to state to them in an auditors' report and for no other purpose. To the fullest extent permitted by law, we do not accept or assume responsibility to anyone other than the company and the company's members as a body, for our audit work, for this report, or for the opinion we have formed.

We certify that we have examined the financial statements on pages 13 to 27 in accordance with Section 46(2) of the Health Professions Order 2001. These financial statements have been prepared under the historic cost convention as modified by the revaluation of certain fixed assets and the accounting policies set out on pages 17 and 18.

#### Respective responsibilities of the Council, the Chief Executive and the Auditor

As described on page 5, the Council and the Chief Executive are responsible for the preparation of the financial statements in accordance with the Health Professions Order 2001 and Privy Council directions made thereunder, and for ensuring the regularity of financial transactions. The Council and its Chief Executive are also responsible for the preparation of the other contents of the Annual Report. Our responsibilities, as independent auditors, are established by statute and we have regard to the standards and guidance issued by the Auditing Practices Board and the ethical guidance applicable to the auditing profession.

We report our opinion as to whether the financial statements give a true and fair view and are properly prepared in accordance with Section 46(1)(b) of the Health Professions Order 2001 and Privy Council directions made thereunder, and whether in all material respects the expenditure and income have been applied to the purposes intended by Parliament and the financial transactions conform to the authorities which govern them. We also report if, in our opinion, the Foreword is not consistent with the financial statements, if the Council has not kept proper accounting records, or if we have not received all the information and explanations we require for our audit.

We review whether the statement on pages 6 and 7 reflects the Council's compliance with Treasury's guidance on the Statement on Internal Control. We report if it does not meet the requirements specified by the Treasury or if the statement is misleading or inconsistent with other information we are aware of from our audit of the financial statements. We are not required to consider, nor have we considered, whether the Accounting Officer's Statement on Internal Control covers all risks and controls. We are also not required to form an opinion on the effectiveness of the Council's corporate governance procedures or its risk and control procedures.

#### Basis of audit opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with United Kingdom Auditing Standards issued by the Auditing Practices Board. An audit includes examination, on a test basis, of evidence relevant to the amounts, disclosures and regularity of financial transactions included in the financial statements. It also includes an assessment of the significant estimates and judgements made by the Council and Chief Executive in the preparation of the financial statements, and of whether the accounting policies are appropriate to the Council's circumstances, consistently applied and adequately disclosed.

We planned and performed our audit so as to obtain all the information and explanations which we considered necessary in order to provide us with sufficient evidence to give reasonable assurance that the financial statements are free from material misstatement, whether caused by error, or by fraud or other irregularity and that, in all material respects, the expenditure and income have been applied to the purposes intended by Parliament and the financial transactions conform to the authorities which govern them. In forming our opinion we have also evaluated the overall adequacy of the presentation of information in the financial statements.

#### INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT TO THE MEMBERS OF HEALTH PROFESSIONS COUNCIL

#### Opinion WORDING TO BE AGREED WITH NAO

In our opinion:

- The financial statements give a true and fair view of the state of affairs of the Health Professions Council at 31 March 2005 and of the surplus, total recognised gains and losses and cash flows for the year then ended and have been properly prepared in accordance with Section 46(1)(b) of the Health Professions Order 2001 and directions made thereunder by the Privy Council; and
- In all material respects the expenditure and income have been applied to the purposes intended by Parliament and the financial transactions conform to the authorities which govern them.

We have no observations to make on these financial statements.

BAKER TILLY Registered Auditor Chartered Accountants 2 Bloomsbury Street London WC1B 3ST

## THE CERTIFICATE AND REPORT OF THE COMPTROLLER AND AUDITOR GENERAL TO THE HOUSES OF PARLIAMENT

I certify that I have examined the financial statements on pages 13 to 27 in accordance with Section 46(5) of the Health Professions Order 2001. These financial statements have been prepared under the historic cost convention as modified by the revaluation of certain fixed assets and the accounting policies set out on pages 17 and 18.

#### Respective responsibilities of the Council, the Chief Executive and the Auditor

As described on page 6, the Council and the Chief Executive are responsible for the preparation of the financial statements in accordance with the Health Professions Order 2001 and Privy Council directions made thereunder, and for ensuring the regularity of financial transactions. The Council and its Chief Executive are also responsible for the preparation of the other contents of the Annual Report. My responsibilities, as independent auditor, are established by statute and I have regard to the standards and guidance issued by the Auditing Practices Board and the ethical guidance applicable to the auditing profession.

I report my opinion as to whether the financial statements give a true and fair view and are properly prepared in accordance with Section 46(1)(b) of the Health Professions Order 2001 and Privy Council directions made thereunder, and whether in all material respects the expenditure and income have been applied to the purposes intended by Parliament and the financial transactions conform to the authorities which govern them. I also report if, in my opinion, the Foreword is not consistent with the financial statements, if the Council has not kept proper accounting records, or if I have not received all the information and explanations I require for my audit.

I read the other information contained in the Annual Report and consider whether it is consistent with the audited financial statements. I consider the implications for my certificate if I become aware of any apparent misstatements or material inconsistencies with the financial statements. I am not required to consider, nor have I considered, whether the Accounting Officer's Statement on Internal Control covers all risks and controls. I am also not required to form an opinion on the effectiveness of the Council's corporate governance procedures or its risk and control procedures.

#### Basis of audit opinion

I conducted my audit in accordance with United Kingdom Auditing Standards issued by the Auditing Practices Board. An audit includes examination, on a test basis, of evidence relevant to the amounts, disclosures and regularity of financial transactions included in the financial statements. It also includes an assessment of the significant estimates and judgements made by the Council and Chief Executive in the preparation of the financial statements, and of whether the accounting policies are appropriate to the Council's circumstances, consistently applied and adequately disclosed.

I planned and performed my audit so as to obtain all the information and explanations which I considered necessary in order to provide me with sufficient evidence to give reasonable assurance that the financial statements are free from material misstatement, whether caused by error, or by fraud or other irregularity and that, in all material respects, the expenditure and income have been applied to the purposes intended by Parliament and the financial transactions conform to the authorities which govern them. In forming my opinion I have also evaluated the overall adequacy of the presentation of information in the financial statements.

#### **Opinion**

WORDING TO BE AGREED WITH HPC AND BAKER TILLY

## THE CERTIFICATE AND REPORT OF THE COMPTROLLER AND AUDITOR GENERAL TO THE HOUSES OF PARLIAMENT

I have no observations to make on these financial statements.

John Bourn

Comptroller and Auditor General

**National Audit Office** 

157-197 Buckingham Palace Road London SW1W 9SP

## INCOME AND EXPENDITURE ACCOUNT

for the year ended 31 March 2005

	Notes	2005	2004
INCOME		£	£
INCOME			
Fee income		507.500	210.470
Registration fees		507,598	318,479
Readmission fees		103,132	86,650
Renewal fees		8,124,425	4,288,921
Pre-registration fees		1,051,343	889,975
Total fee income	1	9,786,498	5,584,025
Grant income - Department of Health		251,117	1,381,149
Grant mediae Department of Hearth		231,117	1,301,119
TOTAL INCOME		10,037,615	6,965,174
Payroll costs	3	2,744,387	2,323,116
Staff travelling and subsistence	3	131,688	91,279
Council and committee expenses		338,680	382,977
Property services		336,400	1,033,841
Office services		700,508	743,145
Computer services		1,159,260	552,236
Partners (assessors and other professionals)		1,331,062	955,016
Legal expenses		1,321,717	938,797
Communications		926,869	608,882
Consultation events		455,899	000,002
		746,655	669,786
Other expenses		740,033	009,780
TOTAL EXPENDITURE	4	10,193,125	8,299,075
Deficit for the year after operational costs		(155,510)	(1,333,901)
Investment income	2	133,912	61,670
(Loss)/gain on disposal of investments	-	(6,474)	835
Write back of unrealised gains on investments	8	150,744	254,941
Write back of surplus on revaluation of freehold land and buildings	9	-	419,254
Notional costs	5	(28,328)	(39,751)
Surplus/(deficit) after notional costs and investment income		94,344	(636,952)
Reversal of notional costs		28,328	39,751
OUDDI HOWDEROWS ON ODDINADY ACTIVITY DEFORE			
SURPLUS/(DEFICIT) ON ORDINARY ACTIVITY BEFORE	(	100 (70	(507.201)
TAXATION	6	122,672	(597,201)
Taxation	7	(4,703)	-
RETAINED SURPLUS/(DEFICIT) FOR THE YEAR		117,969	(597,201)
RETAINED SURI EUS/(DEFICIT) FOR THE TEAR		117,505	(391,201)

All amounts relate to continuing activities.

The notes on pages 17 to 27 form part of these financial statements.

## STATEMENT OF TOTAL RECOGNISED GAINS AND LOSSES

for the year ended 31 March 2005

	<i>(b)</i>	Note	2005 £	2004 £
SURPLUS/(DEFICIT) FOR THE YEAR			117,969	(597,201)
Surplus on revaluation of freehold land and buildings		9	-	32,746
TOTAL RECOGNISED GAINS/(LOSSES) FOR THE				(564,455)
YEAR			117,969	

#### **BALANCE SHEET**

31 March 2005

	(	2005 £	2004 £
FIXED ASSETS Tangible assets Investments	9 8	2,612,660 1,346,804 3,959,464	3,185,715 1,203,107 4,388,822
CURRENT ASSETS Debtors Cash at bank and in hand	10	185,113 2,821,797 3,006,910	193,013 2,407,980 2,600,993
CREDITORS: Amounts falling due within one year	11	1,188,320	874,371
DEFERRED INCOME	12	4,860,348	5,064,591
		6,048,668	5,938,962
NET CURRENT LIABILITIES		(3,041,758)	(3,337,969)
TOTAL ASSETS LESS CURRENT LIABILITIES		917,706	1,050,853
Represented by:			
Government Grant Reserve Accumulated fund	13	355,750	606,866
Revaluation reserves General funds	14 14	32,746 529,210	32,746 411,241
		917,706	1,050,853

Approved on behalf of the Council on and signed on its behalf:

## PROFESSOR NORMA BROOK President

#### MARC J SEALE Chief Executive and Registrar

BALANCE SHEET 31 March 2005

## (1) Accounting Officer

The notes on pages 17 to 27 form part of these financial statements.

## CASH FLOW STATEMENT

for the year ended 31 March 2005

	(	2005 £	2004 £
NET CASH INFLOW FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES	19a	378,175	1,764,507
RETURNS ON INVESTMENT AND SERVICING OF FINANCE Interest received Income from investments	2 2	79,613 54,299	3,490 58,180
		133,912	61,670
CAPITAL EXPENDITURE AND FINANCIAL INVESTMENT			
Purchase of tangible fixed assets	9	(98,843)	(513,618)
Sale of tangible fixed assets	9	_	8,012
Purchase of investments	8	(196,493)	(51,600)
Sale of investments	8	197,066	426,416
NET CASH OUTFLOW FOR CAPITAL EXPENDITURE AND SERVICING OF FINANCE		(98,270)	(130,790)
INCREASE IN CASH		413,817	1,695,387

#### **ACCOUNTING POLICIES**

#### (I) BASIS OF PREPARATION

These financial statements have been prepared under the historical cost convention modified to account for the revaluation of fixed assets at their value to the business by reference to their current costs and in accordance with applicable accounting standards.

#### (II) CONSOLIDATION

Until 31 December 2004 the financial statements consolidated the financial position and result of the Council and its wholly-owned subsidiary, the Professions Supplementary to Medicine Charitable Trust. The Trust ceased to operate on 31st December 2004. The income and expenditure account provided on page 13 is for the Council alone. The financial results of the Charitable Trust are shown in note 16.

#### (III) TANGIBLE ASSETS

Individual assets costing £1,000 or more are capitalised and subsequently depreciated. Items costing less than £1,000 are written off to the income and expenditure account in the year of acquisition.

Depreciation is provided to write off the cost or valuation, less estimated residual values, of all fixed assets over their expected useful lives. It is calculated at the following rates:

Freehold buildings

- 2% per annum (over 50 years)

Office furniture and equipment

- 25% per annum (over 4 years)

Computer equipment

- 25% per annum (over 4 years)

Registration system software

- 33% per annum (over 3 years)

Freehold properties are revalued in accordance with FRS 15 with a full valuation carried by professionally qualified Chartered Surveyors on an existing use open market value basis, in accordance with the Statement of Assets Valuation Practice No. 4 and the Guidance Notes of the Royal Institution of Chartered Surveyors every five years.

#### (IV) GRANT INCOME AND EXPENDITURE

All revenue grants receivable are included in the income and expenditure account when they are received. All costs relating to the refurbishment of freehold buildings have been expensed in the income and expenditure account on the basis that these costs do not necessarily enhance the value of the properties. Grants received in respect of the registration system software have been taken to the Capital Grant Reserve, which is applied over the useful life of the software.

#### (V) FEE INCOME

Fee income (comprising registration fees, readmission fees, renewal fees and pre-registration fees) is recognised on an accruals basis according to the period to which it relates.

#### (VI) INVESTMENT INCOME

Bank deposit interest is credited on a received basis. Dividends and interest on fixed interest securities are recognised when due.

#### (VII) INVESTMENTS

Investments are listed on a recognised stock exchange and are included on the balance sheet at market value.

#### **ACCOUNTING POLICIES**

#### (VIII) COMPUTER SOFTWARE

Computer software, other than the registration system software, is charged to the Income and Expenditure Account in the year of acquisition.

#### (IX) DEFERRED TAXATION

Deferred tax is recognised in respect of all timing differences that have originated but not reversed at the balance sheet date where transactions or events that result in an obligation to pay more tax in the future or a right to pay less tax in the future have occurred at the balance sheet date. Timing differences are differences between the Group's taxable profits and its results as stated in the financial statements that arise from the inclusion of gains and losses in tax assessments in periods different from those in which they are recognised in the financial statements.

#### (X) PENSIONS

Contributions to the FlexiPlan defined contribution pension scheme (see Note 15) are charged to the income and expenditure accounts in the year in which they become payable. The assets of the scheme are held separately from those of the Council in an independently administered fund.

#### (XI) NOTIONAL COSTS

In accordance with Treasury guidance, a notional charge for the cost of capital employed in the period is included in the Income and Expenditure Account along with an equivalent reversing notional income to finance the charge. The charge for the period is calculated using the Treasury's discount rate of 3.5% applied to the average value of capital employed during the period.

#### (XII) VALUE ADDED TAX

The Council is not registered for value added tax. All costs incurred are expensed in the income and expenditure account.

## ACCOUNTING POLICIES

1	FEE INCOME (by profession)	2005 £	2004 £
	Arts Therapists	110,553	50,212
	Biomedical Scientists	1,322,501	815,752
	Chiropodists	820,187	530,568
	Clinical Scientists Dieticians	256,448 329,487	167,050 168,557
	Occupational Therapists	1,625,647	1,063,266
	Operating Department Practitioners	160,490	-
	Orthoptists	74,715	56,677
	Paramedics	614,343	451,332
	Physiotherapists	2,350,156	1,105,885
	Prosthetists and Orthotists Radiographers Speech and Language Therapists	48,049 1,437,449 636,473 9,786,498	34,299 702,022 438,405 5,584,025
2	INVESTMENT INCOME	2005 £	2004 £
	Bank deposit interest	75,564	1,998
	Investment deposit interest	4,049	1,492
	Fixed interest securities	10,237	12,852
	Quoted UK equities	44,062	45,328
		133,912	61,670
3	PAYROLL COSTS	2005 €	2004 £
	Wages and salaries Social security costs	1,797,115 199,150	1,546,351 169,436
	Pension costs Other payroll expense including recruitment and temporary staff	194,060 554,062	197,942 409,387
		2,744,387	2,323,116
		<del></del>	

#### **ACCOUNTING POLICIES**

#### 3 PAYROLL COSTS (continued)

The average number of employees (full time equivalents) during the year was as follows:

	2005 £	2004 £
Chief Executive's Department	3	2
Communications	6	4
Education and Policy	5	4
Finance	4	4
Fitness to Practise	5	3
Human Resources	3	2
Information/IT	5	1
Office Services	4	4
Project Management	0	1
Registration (International and Grandparenting)	12	13
Registration (UK) Secretariat	15 4	14 3
	66	55

Council members do not receive any remuneration for their services but receive an attendance allowance. Such allowances, totalling £173,907 (2004 - £199,888), were paid to 35 (2004 - 29) members during the year.

The Chief Executive and Registrar's total remuneration was £134,480 (2004: £127,550). This includes pension contributions paid by the Council of £21,186 (2004: £20,019). The Chief Executive and Registrar is an ordinary member of the FlexiPlan 1 Pension Scheme (see note 15) and his total accrued target pension is £5,359 per annum (2004: £3,366 per annum). His total pensions capital is £62,232 (2004: £38,999) His age was 51.

No other senior staff salaries are disclosed as decision making is vested in the Council members.

4	EXPENDITURE	Staff costs £	Other costs £	2005 £	2004 £
	President	-	46,230	46,230	41,744
	Council	-	198,627	198,627	-
	Secretariat	134,013	36,225	170,238	238,373
	Chief Executive and Registrar	212,221	28,585	240,806	202,125
	Education and Policy	319,552	628,864	948,416	596,401
	Registration	852,733	722,352	1,575,085	1,318,984

## Health Professions Council ACCOUNTING POLICIES

Directors	-	-	-	379,232
IT Department	256,682	1,221,327	1,478,009	817,022
Finance	170,807	466,732	637,539	331,339
Administration	145,745	1,091,421	1,237,166	1,977,516
Fitness to Practise Human Resources Communications	202,172 240,971 209,491	1,755,927 280,546 971,902	1,958,099 521,517 1,181,393	1,176,542 430,365 789,432
	2,744,387	7,448,738	10,193,125	8,299,075

#### **ACCOUNTING POLICIES**

#### 4 EXPENDITURE (continued)

Included in other finance costs is £286,029 in relation to the misappropriation of funds which occurred in the year.

Funds misappropriated amounted to £133,279. Legal and professional fees incurred as a result of the fraud have amounted to £152,750. Details of the misappropriation are provided in the foreword to the financial statements.

5	NOTIONAL COSTS	2005	2004
		£	£
	Cost of Capital	28,328	39,751

Notional cost of capital is calculated as 3.5% (2004: 3.5%) of the average capital employed by the Council in the year.

6	OPERATING DEFICIT	2005	2004
		£	£
	This is stated after charging:		
	Depreciation	671,898	463,799
	Auditors' remuneration		
	- External audit	35,250	24,525
	- Internal audit	-	7,535
	Taxation	-	11,266
	Other	117,500	12,750

Other costs shown above include £117,500 for non-audit services charged by Baker Tilly for investigation work carried out in relation to misappropriation of funds.

TAXATION	2005	2004
Current tax:		£
UK corporation tax on profits of the period	4,703	
Total current tax	4,703	
Deferred taxation: Origination and reversal of timing differences	-	-
Total deferred tax	-	
Tax on profit on ordinary activities	4,703	-
	Current tax: UK corporation tax on profits of the period  Total current tax  Deferred taxation: Origination and reversal of timing differences  Total deferred tax	Current tax: UK corporation tax on profits of the period  4,703  Total current tax  4,703  Deferred taxation: Origination and reversal of timing differences  - Total deferred tax  -

## ACCOUNTING POLICIES

7	TAXATION (continued)	2005 £	2004 £
	Factors affecting tax charge for period:	£	ı.
	The tax assessed for the period is lower/(higher) than the standard rate of corporation tax in the UK ( $30\%$ ). The differences are explained below:		
	Surplus/(deficit) on ordinary activities before tax	122,672	(597,201)
	Surplus/(deficit) on ordinary activities multiplied by standard rate of corporation tax in the UK 19% (2004: 19%)		
		23,308	(113,468)
	Effect of:		
	Non-taxable income	(1,914,643)	(1,331,995)
	Write back of unrealised gains on investments not taxed	(28,641)	(48,439)
	Write back of surplus on revaluation of freehold land and buildings not taxed	(==,= 1=)	, ,
	Loss/(gains) on disposal of investments	-	(79,658)
	Expenses not deductible for tax purposes	1,230	(159)
	Unutilised charges on income	1,924,408	1,515,992
	-	-	57,727
	Benefits of small companies starting rate relief	(959)	-
	Current tax charge for the period	4,703	-
8	INVESTMENTS	2005 £	2004 £
	Listed as at 1 April 2004	1,203,107	1,322,147
	Additions	196,493	51,600
	Disposals	(203,540)	(425,581)
	Unrealised gains on investments	1,196,060 150,744	948,166 254,941
	At 31 March 2005	1,346,804	1,203,107
	Historical cost value at 31 March 2005	1,277,756	1,287,053

All listed investments are managed on a pooled basis by a professional manager on behalf of the Council and UK held investments are listed on the London Stock Exchange. No investments represent more than 5% of the total investment portfolio valuation.

#### **ACCOUNTING POLICIES**

	RLE FIXED	ACCETC
9 1 4 10 ( 71)	(1 F FLX FL)	$\Delta \times \times$

		Office		Registration	
	Freehold	furniture and	Computer	system	
	properties	equipment	equipment	software	Total
	£	£	£	£	£
Cost or valuation					
At 1 April 2004	1,700,000	326,636	508,204	1,412,195	3,947,035
Additions	-	43,104	55,739	-	98,843
At 31 March 2005	1,700,000	369,740	563,943	1,412,195	4,045,878
Depreciation					
At 1 April 2004	8,000	126,797	351,930	274,593	761,320
Charge for the year	24,000	85,869	91,297	470,732	671,898
At 31 March 2005	32,000	212,666	443,227	745,325	1,433,218
N 1 1 1					·———
Net book value At 31 March 2005	1,668,000	157,074	120,716	666,870	2,612,660
At 31 March 2004	1,692,000	199,839	156,274	1,137,602	3,185,715

The freehold property at Park House, 184 Kennington Park Road, London, SE11 4BU and also comprising 20 Stannary Street was valued at 5 December 2003 on the basis of Existing Use Value as defined by the Royal Institution of Chartered Surveyors, Appraisal and Valuation Standards, at the sum of £1,700,000. The valuation was prepared by Drivers Jonas, Chartered Surveyors, of Grosvenor Street, London who acted as independent valuers.

The historic cost of the property was £1,659,254 (2004: £1,659,254) and accumulated depreciation based on cost was £278,893 (2004: £245,708).

Although it is the Council's policy to apply Modified Historic Cost Accounting in line with our Accounts Direction, full Modified Historic Cost Accounting has not been implemented again this year. This is due to the fact that the effect of revaluing assets will make no material difference to the results for the year or the financial position at the year end. This may not be the case in the longer term and this premise will be reassessed annually.

10	DEBTORS	2005 £	2004 £
	Other debtors	27,182	76,083
	Prepayments	157,931	116,930
		185,113	193,013

All amounts shown under debtors fall due for payment within one year.

## ACCOUNTING POLICIES

11	CREDITORS: Amounts falling due within one year		2005	2004
			£	£
	Corporation tax		4,703	_
	Other taxation and social security		59,252	53,333
	Other creditors		742,668	534,436
	Accruals		381,697	286,602
			1,188,320	874,371
	During the year the overdraft facility of £1,000,000 relinquished and the charge removed.	) secured on the fr	eehold land and l	ouildings was
	remiquished and the charge removed.			
12	DEFERRED INCOME		2005	2004
			£	£
	Registration fees in advance		97,104	80,667
	Renewal fees in advance		4,763,244	4,983,924
			4 960 249	<u> </u>
			4,860,348	5,064,591
13	GOVERNMENT GRANT RESERVE		2005	2004
			£	£
	At 1st March 2004		606,866	753,353
	Applied in the year		(251,116)	(146,487)
	At 31st March 2005		355,750	606,866
14	ACCUMULATED FUND	Revaluation	General	
		reserve	funds	Total
		£	£	£
	At 1st March 2004	32,746	411,241	443,987
	-Surplus for the year	-	117,969	117,969
	At 31st March 2005	32,746	529,210	561,956
		,,	, <b>-</b> v	2 2 2, > 2 0

#### **ACCOUNTING POLICIES**

#### 15 PENSION FUNDING ARRANGEMENTS

The Council has pension obligations to both present and former staff. These are met by the operation of The Council for Professions Supplementary to Medicine Retirement Benefits Scheme and contributions to the FlexiPlan 1 Scheme operated by FPS Trustee Company Limited ("FlexiPlan").

The first scheme was closed in June 1995 and has no active members. On 28 March 2002 all members of the Scheme were served with a statutory notice of closure. The benefits are secured by insurance policies issued by The Scottish Life Assurance Society. The last actuarial valuation as at 23 April 2001, showed that the assets of the fund were sufficient to meet the future requirements of the scheme.

FlexiPlan is a money purchase scheme which offers a targeted final salary benefit. It is a multiemployer scheme and, as such, is exempt from the full disclosure requirements of FRS 17 as each employer is unable to identify its share of the underlying assets and liabilities.

#### 16 THE PROFESSIONS SUPPLEMENTARY TO MEDICINE CHARITABLE TRUST

The Council controlled the Professions Supplementary to Medicine Charitable Trust which is Registered Charity No. 313795 and which operated at the same premises as the Council until it ceased operating on 31st December 2004. The Trust's financial results for the period to 31 March 2005 are as follows:

STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL ACTIVITIES	2005 £	2004 £
Incoming Resources Resources Expended	64,655 (64,755)	302,171 (302,171)
Net Outgoing Resources for the year	(100)	
BALANCE SHEET		
Current assets	-	100
Accumulated fund		100

#### 17 RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS

The Council's Sponsoring Department is the Privy Council, with which no transactions took place. The main entity with which the Council has dealt during the year was the Department of Health. Grants have been received and are disclosed in these financial statements. There have been no transactions with Council members except as disclosed in note 3.

#### 18 POST YEAR END

On 31 May 2005, the Council acquired a new property in Stannery Street for £930,000. The property was purchased by acquiring the entire issued share capital of Purbrook & Eyres Limited. Consideration for the property was partly in cash and partly via a £500,000 loan taken out with National Westminster Bank plc. The loan is repayable over 47 equal monthly instalments. Interest on the loan is charged at 2% above the Bank's Base Rate.

#### **ACCOUNTING POLICIES**

19 a	RECONCILIATION OF DEFICIT OF EXPENIINCOME TO NET CASH FLOW FROM OPERACTIVITIES		2005 £	2004 £
	Deficit of expenditure over income Depreciation of tangible fixed assets Grant income released from reserves Decrease in debtors Increase/(decrease) in creditors (Decrease)/increase in deferred income		(155,510) 671,898 (251,116) 7,900 309,246 (204,243)	(1,333,901) 463,799 (146,487) 614,334 (659,266) 2,826,028
	NET CASH INFLOW FROM OPERATING AC	CTIVITIES	378,175	1,764,507
19 b	RECONCILIATION OF NET CASH FLOW TO NET FUNDS	) MOVEMENT IN	2005 £	2004 £
	Increase in cash in the year		413,817	1,695,387
	Movement in net funds in the year Opening net funds		413,817 2,407,980	1,695,387 712,593
	Closing net funds		2,821,797	2,407,980
19 c	ANALYSIS OF FUNDS	Opening balance £	Cash Flow £	Closing balance £
	Cash at bank and on deposit	2,407,980	413,817	2,821,797

#### 20 FRS 13 FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS

FRS 13, Derivatives and Other Financial Instruments, requires disclosure of the role which financial instruments have had during the period in creating or changing the risks an entity faces in undertaking its activities. Because of the largely non-trading nature of its activities and the way in which it is financed, the Health Professions Council is not exposed to the degree of financial risk faced by business entities. Moreover, financial instruments play a much more limited role in creating or changing risk than would be typical of the listed companies to which FRS13 mainly applies.

Financial assets and liabilities are generated by day-to-day operational activities and are not held to change the risks facing the Council in undertaking its activities.

As permitted by FRS13, debtors and creditors which mature or become payable within twelve months from the balance sheet date have been omitted from the currency profile.

#### CURRENCY AND LIQUIDITY RISK

The Council currently has no borrowings and relies primarily on fees and Department of Health grants for its cash requirements and is therefore not exposed to liquidity risk. All material assets and liabilities are denominated in sterling, so it is not exposed to currency risk.

#### **ACCOUNTING POLICIES**

#### FRS 13 FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS (continued)

#### INTEREST RATE RISK

Registrants pay fees in advance for up to two years. Surplus funds are held as follows to maximise returns:

Business reserve - all unused funds are transferred from the Council's current account to business reserve account every night to maximise interest.

Money market - surplus funds are held for fixed short-term periods earning a fixed interest rate.

Investment fund - at 31 March 2005 fixed interest investments accounted for 16% (2004: 23%) of the fund and generate a yield of 6.1% (2004: 6.5%). The remainder of the fund is invested in equities, where there is always a known risk of diminution in value.

The Finance and Resources Committee reviews interest rates on potential borrowings although during the year the Council was not exposed to significant interest rate risk.

## Health Professions Council ACCOUNTING POLICIES

## 2. The Professions Supplementary to Medicine Charitable Trust

TRUSTEES' REPORT AND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

31 March 2005

# The Professions Supplementary to Medicine Charitable Trust trustees' report and financial statements

## 31 March 2005

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Trustees and their Advisors	2
Report of the Trustees	3 – 4
Independent Auditors' Report	5
Statement of Financial Activities	6
Balance Sheet	7
Notes to the Financial Statements	8

## The Professions Supplementary to Medicine Charitable Trust TRUSTEES AND THEIR ADVISORS

31 March 2005

#### **TRUSTEES**

The following trustees served throughout the year:

Professor Norma Brook Mr Robert Clegg Professor John Harper Mr Keith M Ross Mrs J Stark Dr A Yule OBE

#### PRINCIPAL OFFICE

Health Professions Council Park House 184 Kennington Park Road London SE11 4BH

#### **AUDITORS**

Baker Tilly Chartered Accountants 2 Bloomsbury Street London WC1B 3ST

#### **BANKERS**

National Westminster Bank plc Walworth Road Branch 290 Walworth Road London SE17 3RQ

#### **SOLICITORS**

Kingsley Napley Knight's Quarter 14 St John's Lane London EC1N 4AJ

## The Professions Supplementary to Medicine Charitable Trust TRUSTEES' REPORT

The Trustees submit their report and the financial statements of The Professions Supplementary to Medicine Charitable Trust for the year ended 31 March 2005.

#### THE OBJECTIVES OF THE CHARITABLE TRUST AND GOVERNING INSTRUMENT

The charity is governed by the Trust Deed dated 25 June 1973.

The objectives of the charitable trust are:

- The advancement of education and research in subjects relevant to the practice in professions supplementary to medicine in general and in particular by assisting the Health Professions Council, whose members control the Charity:
  - (i) To provide, maintain, support or supervise schools, colleges, training centres and other educational establishments for the study of or research in such subjects.
  - (ii) To organise courses (whether for undergraduates, graduates or others) in such subjects.
  - (iii) To conduct or supervise the conduct of examinations leading to the qualification of persons to practice in any of the professions supplementary to medicine.
- For the purposes of preventing or relieving human suffering, the promotion of the recruitment of suitable entrants into the professions supplementary to medicine in general and in particular by means of:
  - (i) The dissemination of knowledge and information among young persons and others with a view to encouraging them to pursue careers in the professions supplementary to medicine.
  - (ii) The awarding of scholarships to candidates of merit who are studying or about to study for any of the professions supplementary to medicine.
  - (iii) The awarding of bursaries or the giving of other assistance (whether by way of gift or loan) to poor or deserving persons who are studying or about to study for any of the professions supplementary to medicine.
- The giving of help to the Council and the said boards in the performance of any other functions assigned to them or any of them by the Act or any Act amending or replacing the Act so far as those functions are legally charitable.

The Charitable Trust is in receipt of covenanted income from the Health Professions Council to permit its staff to carry out duties in support of its objectives. Financial support has been given or promised to several of our professions to aid their research into curriculum development and subject reviews. Grants were made to the Joint Validation bodies of the Physiotherapists, Chiropodists, Radiographers, Occupational Therapists and Speech and Language Therapists.

#### **RESULTS**

The Trust ceased to operate on 31 December 2004. Details of the results for the year are shown in the Statement of Financial Activities on page 6 and the notes relating to it.

#### RESERVES POLICY

It is the policy of the trustees to utilise all the sums it receives from the Health Professions Council on salary costs in connection with the provision and advancement of education in subjects relevant to various professions. All reserves have been utilised in the year as the activities of the Trust have ceased and no new projects will be undertaken.

## The Professions Supplementary to Medicine Charitable Trust TRUSTEES' REPORT

#### RISK MANAGEMENT

Through the risk management processes established for the Charity, the Trustees are satisfied that the major risks identified have been adequately mitigated, where necessary. It is recognised that systems can only provide reasonable but not absolute assurance that major risks have been adequately managed.

#### TRUSTEES' RESPONSIBILITIES IN RELATION TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Law applicable to charities in England and Wales requires the Charity's Trustees to prepare financial statements for each financial year which give a true and fair view of the Charity's activities during the period and of its financial position at the end of the year. In preparing financial statements giving a true and fair view, the Trustees should follow best practice and:

- a. select suitable accounting policies and then apply them consistently;
- b. make judgements and estimates that are reasonable and prudent;
- c. state whether applicable accounting standards and the statements of recommended practice have been followed, subject to any departures disclosed and explained in the financial statements;
- d. prepare the financial statements on the going concern basis unless it is inappropriate to presume that the Charity will continue in operation.

The Trustees are responsible for keeping accounting records which disclose with reasonable accuracy the financial position of the charity and which ascertain the financial position of the charity and which enable them to ensure that the financial statements comply with applicable law. They are also responsible for safeguarding the assets of the charity and hence for taking reasonable steps for the prevention and detection of fraud and other irregularities.

#### **AUDITORS**

BDO Stoy Hayward resigned as auditors in the year. The Trust appointed Baker Tilly as auditors. A resolution to reappoint Baker Tilly, Chartered Accountants, as auditors will be put to the members at the annual general meeting.

By order of the Trustees

## INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT TO THE TRUSTEES OF THE PROFESSIONS SUPPLEMENTARY TO MEDICINE CHARITABLE TRUST

We have audited the financial statements on pages 6 to 8.

This report is made solely to the charity's trustees as a body, in accordance with the Charities Act 1993. Our audit work has been undertaken so that we might state to the charity's trustees those matters we are required to state to them in an auditor's report and for no other purpose. To the fullest extent permitted by law, we do not accept or assume responsibility to anyone other than the charity and the charity's trustees as a body, for our audit work, for this report, or for the opinions we have formed.

#### Respective responsibilities of trustees and auditors

The trustees' responsibilities for preparing the Annual Report and the financial statements in accordance with applicable law and United Kingdom Accounting Standards are set out in the Statement of Trustees' Responsibilities.

We have been appointed as auditors under section 43 of the Charities Act 1993 and report in accordance with regulations made under section 44 of that Act. Our responsibility is to audit the financial statements in accordance with relevant legal and regulatory requirements and United Kingdom Auditing Standards.

We report to you our opinion as to whether the financial statements give a true and fair view and are properly prepared in accordance with the Charities Act 1993. We also report to you if, in our opinion, the Annual Report is not consistent with the financial statements, if the charity has not kept proper accounting records, or if we have not received all the information and explanations we require for our audit.

We read other information contained in the Annual Report, and consider whether it is consistent with the audited financial statements. We consider the implications for our report if we become aware of any apparent misstatements or material inconsistencies with the financial statements. Our responsibilities do not extend to any other information.

#### Basis of audit opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with United Kingdom Auditing Standards issued by the Auditing Practices Board. An audit includes examination, on a test basis, of evidence relevant to the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. It also includes an assessment of the significant estimates and judgments made by the trustees in the preparation of the financial statements, and of whether the accounting policies are appropriate to the charity's circumstances, consistently applied and adequately disclosed.

We planned and performed our audit so as to obtain all the information and explanations which we considered necessary in order to provide us with sufficient evidence to give reasonable assurance that the financial statements are free from material misstatement, whether caused by fraud or other irregularity or error. In forming our opinion we also evaluated the overall adequacy of the presentation of information in the financial statements.

#### **Opinion**

In our opinion the financial statements give a true and fair view of the state of the charity's affairs as at 31 March 2005 and of its resources and application of resources in the year then ended and have been properly prepared in accordance with the Charities Act 1993.

BAKER TILLY Registered Auditor Chartered Accountants 2 Bloomsbury Street London WC1B 3ST

# The Professions Supplementary to Medicine Charitable Trust STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL ACTIVITIES

for the year ended 31 March 2005

	(a)	Notes	Unrestricted Fund 2005 £	Unrestricted Fund 2004 £
INCOME AND EXPENDITURE				
Incoming Resources Donations from the Health Professions Council		2	64,655	302,171
TOTAL INCOMING RESOURCES			64,655	302,171
RESOURCES EXPENDED				
Charitable Expenditure Salaries and superannuation Joint validation expenses Administration costs		3	24,476 40,179 100	224,446 77,725
TOTAL RESOURCES EXPENDED			64,755	302,171
NET OUTGOING RESOURCES FOR THE YEAR			(100)	-
Fund balances brought forward at 1 April 2004			100	100
FUND BALANCES CARRIED FORWARD AT 31 MARCH 2005			-	100

# The Professions Supplementary to Medicine Charitable Trust BALANCE SHEET

31 March 2005

	(1	2005 £	2004 £
CURRENT ASSETS Cash at bank		-	100
NET ASSETS		-	100
Represented by ACCUMULATED FUND		_	100
Approved by the Trustees and signed on their behalf on			
Trustee			
Trustee			

## The Professions Supplementary to Medicine Charitable Trust

#### **BALANCE SHEET**

31 March 2005

#### 21 ACCOUNTING POLICIES

#### **BASIS OF ACCOUNTING**

These financial statements have been prepared under the historical cost convention in accordance with applicable Accounting Standards and the Statement of Recommended Practice, Accounting and Reporting by Charities (The SORP) published in October 2000.

#### INCOME AND EXPENDITURE

Income and expenditure are recognised on an accruals basis.

#### **CASH FLOW STATEMENT**

No cash flow statement is prepared as the Charity is exempt from the requirements to produce such a statement as it meets the criteria of a small entity.

#### 22 INCOME

Donations are recognised as income when they are received from the Health Professions Council.

23	STAFF COSTS	2005	2004
		£	£
	Wages and salaries	21,298	173,243
	Social security costs	2,540	19,451
	Pension costs	638	31,752
		24,476	224,446

No employee received emoluments over £50,000 (2004: 1).

The average number of weekly employees (full-time equivalents) was 5 (2004: 5).

Staff costs are incurred for the provision and advancement of education and research in subjects relevant to the various professions.

#### 24 TRANSACTIONS WITH TRUSTEES

No trustee received any remuneration or reimbursed expenses in the year (2004: £Nil).

#### 25 CONTROLLING UNDERTAKING

The Charity is controlled by the Health Professions Council by virtue of the fact that the Trustees of the Charity are all members of the Council. The Charity also shares the same premises as the Council.

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